

**CONFLICT OF INTEREST
STATEMENT OF ACCEPTANCE**

THIS DECLARATION applies, to the best of my knowledge, to all members of my immediate family (spouse, children, parents), and its provisions shall protect any organization affiliated with or subsidiary to the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists and/or _____(school board). In the event facts change in the future that may create a potential conflict of interest, I agree to notify the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists and/or _____(school board) in writing.

1. I have read the Statement of Ethical Foundations and the policy on Conflict of Interest and/or Commitment.
2. I am in compliance with the North American Division's policy on Conflict of Interest and/or Commitment as attached to this statement.
3. Except as disclosed below:
 - a. Neither I nor my family have a financial interest or business relationship which competes with or conflicts with the interests of the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists.
 - b. Neither I nor my family have a financial interest in, nor am, or have been an employee, officer, director, or trustee of, nor receive/have received financial benefits either directly or indirectly from any enterprise (excluding less than five percent [5%] ownership in any entity with publicly traded securities) which is or has been doing business with or is a competitor of the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists.
 - c. Neither I nor my family receive/received any payment or gifts (other than of token value) from other denominational entities, suppliers, or agencies doing business with the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists.
 - d. Neither I nor my family serve/have served as an officer, director, trustee, or agent of any organization affiliated with or subsidiary to the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists in any decision-making process involving financial or legal interests adverse to the Texas Conference of Seventh-day Adventists.

Disclosures:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Name

Position/Title

Date

S 47 Conflict of Interest and/or Commitment

S 47 05 Conflict of Interest and/or Commitment Defined – Conflict of interest shall mean any circumstance under which an employee or volunteer by virtue of financial or other personal interest, present or potential, directly or indirectly, may be influenced or appear to be influenced by any motive or desire for personal advantage, tangible or intangible, other than the success and well-being of the denomination.

Because of the common objectives embraced by the various organizational units and institutions of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, membership held concurrently on more than one denominational committee or board does not of itself constitute a conflict of interest provided that all the other requirements of the policy are met.

A conflict of commitment shall mean any situation which interferes with an employee's ability to carry out his/her duties effectively. Elected, appointed, or salaried employees on full-time assignment are compensated for full-time employment; therefore, outside or dual employment or other activity, whether compensated or not, that in any way interferes with the performance of an employee's duties and responsibilities is a conflict of commitment. A conflict of commitment also exists in situations where an employee functions contrary to the values and ethical conduct outlined in the organization's statement of ethical foundations and conduct (see model Statement of Ethical Foundations recommended by the 1999 Annual Council as guidelines for divisions) or when an employee functions contrary to established codes of ethical conduct for employees in particular professions (e.g. legal, investments).

S 47 10 Individuals Included Under This Policy – All trustees, officers, executive committee/board members, employees, and volunteers of denominational organizations shall be subject to this policy.

S 47 15 Conditions Constituting Conflict – A trustee, officer, executive committee/board member, employee, or volunteer has a duty to be free from the influence of any conflicting interest or commitment when serving the organization or representing it in negotiations or dealings with third parties. Both while on and off the job an employee is expected to protect the best interests of the employing organization. The following list, though not exhaustive, describes circumstances and conditions that illustrate conflict of interest or commitment:

1. Engaging in outside business or employment that encroaches on the denominational organization's call for the full services of its employees even though there may be no other conflict.
2. Engaging in business or employment that is in any way competitive or in conflict with any transaction, activity, policy, or objective of the organization.
3. Engaging in any business with or employment by an employer who is a supplier of goods or services to any denominational organization.
4. Making use of the fact of employment by the denominational organization to further outside business or employment, associating the denominational organization or its prestige with an outside business or employment, or using one's connection to the denomination to further personal or partisan political interests.

5. Owning or leasing any property with knowledge that the denominational organization has an active or potential interest therein.
6. Lending money to or borrowing money from any third party, excluding financial institutions, who is a supplier of goods or services or lending to/borrowing from a trustor or anyone who is in any fiduciary relationship to the denominational organization or is otherwise regularly involved in business transactions with the denominational organization.
7. Accepting or offering of any gratuity, favor, benefit, or gift of greater than nominal value or of any commission or payment of any sort in connection with work for the denominational organization other than the compensation agreed upon between the denominational organization and/or the employer and the employee.
8. Making use of or disseminating, including by electronic means, any confidential information acquired through employment by the denominational organization for personal profit or advantage, directly or indirectly.
9. Using denominational personnel, property, equipment, supplies, or goodwill for other than approved activities, programs, and purposes.
10. Expending unreasonable time, during normal business hours, for personal affairs or other organizations, to the detriment of work performance for the denomination.
11. Using one's connections within the organization to secure favors for one's families or relatives.

S 47 20 Statement of Acceptance – 1. By employees – At the time of initial employment an employee shall sign a statement indicating acceptance of the conditions of employment as outlined in the organization's employee handbook. This acceptance shall constitute the employee's declaration of compliance and resolve to remain in compliance with the conflict of interest and/or commitment policy. On an annual basis the employer shall provide employees with a copy of the Statement of Ethical Foundations, plus a copy of the conflict of interest and/or commitment policy, and shall inform employees regarding the duty to disclose potential conflict of interest and/or commitment.

2. By administrators, department directors and trustees – The chief administrator, or designee, of the organization concerned shall receive annually a statement of acceptance and compliance with the policy on conflict of interest and/or commitment from each administrator, department director, member of the board/executive committee, and any other person authorized to handle resources of the organization. (The employing organization may determine that other individuals shall also be required to submit annually a statement of acceptance and compliance.) Submission of the statement by persons identified above shall constitute a declaration of compliance with the policy and shall place the individual under obligation to disclose potential conflicts of interest and/or commitment that may arise during the ensuing year.

S 47 25 Reporting Potential or Actual Conflicts of Interest or Commitment – All present and potential conflicts of interest must be disclosed:

1. If known, in advance of any meeting, business transaction, or other activity at which the issue may be discussed or on which the issue may have a bearing on the person's approach to the issue, whether directly or indirectly; or
2. If not known in advance, when the actual, possible, or potential conflict becomes apparent. Disclosure must be made to the person in charge of the meeting or activity and to the full meeting, or to the person's supervisor, as appropriate. The person should remove

himself/herself from the room or situation to avoid participation in all discussion or deliberation on the issue, and voting. All such actions should be recorded in any minutes or records kept. Following full disclosure of the present or potential conflict, the board or equivalent group may decide that no conflict of interest exists and invite the participation of the person.

This policy establishes a process which is self-identifying. However, third parties may report alleged conflicts in writing with supporting documentation, to an officer of the organization concerned if the employee fails to disclose a conflict or does so inadequately. The source of third party reports shall be held in confidence by the recipient unless it is required to divulge the information pursuant to a court order or if there is indication that the report is fraudulent or made with malicious intent.

S 47 30 Review Process for Conflicts of Interest and/or Commitment – The officer or human resource/personnel office that receives the report of potential conflict shall inform the employee's supervisor and shall have the matter reviewed by the appropriate employing authority or by the committee assigned to review such matters. If the disclosure has come from a third party, the officer or human resource/personnel office shall inform the employee concerned and shall give the employee an opportunity to submit any information which may help in the review of the reported conflict. The decision of the employing authority or review committee as to whether or not a conflict exists shall be communicated to the employee in writing.